

2015 & 4Q15 Results

February 10, 2016

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Note on methodology:

> 2014 figures are presented pro forma:

(1) of the new capital allocation to our businesses, 10% of the average Basel 3 risk-weighted assets versus 9% previously. The 2014 quarterly series have been restated accordingly;

(2) as of January 1st, 2015, application of the IFRIC 21 interpretation «Levies» regarding the accounting for tax except the income tax. This implementation leads to register taxes concerned at the date of their event and not necessarily throughout the year. These taxes are charged to our businesses;

(3) and in accordance with the application of the IFRIC 21 interpretation, the accounting of the estimated contribution to the Single Resolution Fund is registered in the first quarter of 2015 in the expenses of the Corporate Center. This item is not charged to the business lines and is treated as an exceptional item in the financial communication disclosure.

> Business line performance using Basel 3 standards:

The performances of Natixis business lines are presented using Basel 3 standards. Basel 3 risk-weighted assets are based on CRR-CRD4 rules as published on June 26th, 2013 (including the Danish compromise treatment for qualified entities).

> Annualized ROTE is computed as follows: net income (group share) – DSN net interest/average net assets after dividend – hybrid notes – intangible assets – average goodwill. This ratio includes goodwill and intangible assets by business lines to determinate the ROE ratio of businesses.

> The remuneration rate on normative capital is 3%.

> Own senior debt fair-value adjustment calculated using a discounted cash-flow model, contract by contract, including parameters such as swaps curve, and revaluation spread (based on the BPCE reoffer curve).

> Exceptional items: figures and comments on this presentation are based on Natixis and its businesses income statements excluding exceptional items detailed page 5. Natixis and its businesses income statements including exceptional items (reported data) are available in the appendix of this presentation.

> The leverage ratio is based on delegated act rules, without phase-in except for DTAs on tax-loss carry forward and with the hypothesis of a roll-out for non-eligible subordinated notes under Basel 3 by eligible notes. Repos transactions with central counterparties are offset in accordance with IAS 32 rules without maturity or currency criteria.

> The cost/income ratio and the ROE excluding IFRIC 21 impact calculation takes into account by quarter ¼ of the annual duties and levies concerned by this new accounting rule

2015, a year characterized by a rising share of Investment Solutions in core businesses

Activity in 2015

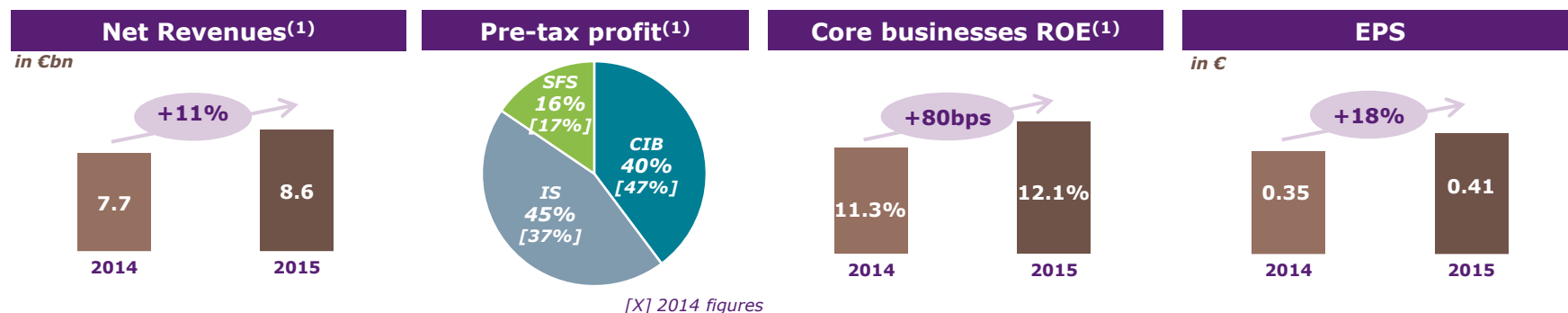
Record year in Asset Management: €801bn of AuM up by €66bn in 2015 notably thanks to a €33bn net inflows, after €28bn in 2014

Development of the CIB main franchises fuelled by international activities & O2D: Increased contribution of fees in Structured financing revenues to 37% in 2015 (€30bn new loan production in 2015 after €28bn in 2014). Strong dynamic in the Equity business line. Project to acquire a majority stake of PJS (M&A in the US)

Good momentum in Insurance businesses: 12% advance in the non-life segment turnover in 2015 and an increased weighting for unit-linked products in the life segment. Natixis Assurances took over the Caisses d'Epargne's new business streams since January 2016

Roll-out of SFS offer: 17% rise in new loan production in the personal loans segment, 72% increase in the amount of individuals mortgage guarantees, and 19% increase in the factored turnover realized with Natixis customers

€204m revenue synergies with BPCE networks at end-2015, in line with the linearized target of the New Frontier plan, driven notably by the Insurance business



Total return to shareholders of €1.1bn for 2015 of which i) €0.25 ordinary dividend⁽²⁾ per share, in cash and ii) €0.10 exceptional dividend⁽²⁾ per share, in cash, to return surpluses beyond CET1 target in the absence of significant external growth deal

Agenda

1. 2015 and 4Q15 results

2. Financial structure

3. Business division results

4. Progress in the New Frontier strategic plan

5. Conclusion

Exceptional items⁽¹⁾

Exceptional items - in €m	4Q15	4Q14	2015	2014
Gain from disposal of Natixis' stake in Lazard <i>Corporate Center (Net revenues)</i>				99
Change in methodologies related to IFRS 13 application and FVA impact (4Q14) <i>FIC-T (Net revenues)</i>		(82)		(119)
Goodwill impairment/Gain or loss on other assets <i>Corporate Data Solution and Others (Corporate Center)</i>		(8)	(30)	(62)
Gain from disposal of operating property assets <i>Corporate Center (Gain or loss on other assets)</i>				75
Contribution to the Single Resolution Fund <i>Corporate center (Expenses)</i>	4		(43)	
Settlement of litigation (2008) <i>Corporate center (Cost of risk)</i>			(30)	
Impact in pre-tax profit	4	(90)	(103)	(7)
Impact in net income	4	(61)	(91)	24

FV adjustment on own senior debt - in €m <i>Corporate Center (Net revenues)</i>	4Q15	4Q14	2015	2014
Impact in pre-tax profit	(4)	(18)	139	(208)
Impact in net income	(3)	(12)	91	(135)

GAPC - in €m	4Q15	4Q14	2015	2014
Impact in net income				(28)

Total impact in net income (gs) - in €m	1	(73)	0	(139)
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Enhanced profitability in 2015 thanks to our Asset Light model

- 2015 net revenues rose by 11% vs. 2014 fuelled by the growth within the three core businesses in line with, or above, New Frontier strategic plan targets
- Improvement in the 2015 cost/income ratio to 69.0% (-70bps vs. 2014) and significant GOI growth: +13% YoY to €2.7bn
- 13% drop in the 2015 cost of risk to €261m vs. 2014 mainly in Specialized Financial Services
- Pre-tax profit of €2.4bn (up by 17% YoY) with a significant shift in favor of Investment Solutions (45% of the core businesses' pre-tax profit vs. 37% in 2014)
- High tax level due to systemic risk tax non-deductibility, tax on dividends and growth of profit from the US
- Reported net income (gs) up by 18% in 2015 vs. 2014 to €1.3bn
- 2015 ROTE⁽¹⁾ rose by 40bps to reach 9.8%
- 2015 reported EPS at €0.41 (+18% vs. 2014 reported EPS)

<i>Pro forma and excluding exceptional items⁽¹⁾ in €m</i>	2015	2014	2015 vs. 2014
Net revenues	8,565	7,743	11%
<i>of which core businesses</i>	7,878	7,011	12%
Expenses	(5,912)	(5,395)	10%
Gross operating income	2,653	2,348	13%
Provision for credit losses	(261)	(300)	(13)%
Pre-tax profit	2,437	2,091	17%
Income tax	(935)	(741)	26%
Minority interest	(158)	(76)	109%
Net income (gs)	1,344	1,275	5%
ROTE	9.8%	9.4%	

<i>in €m</i>	2015	2014	2015 vs. 2014
Exceptional items & GAPC	0	(139)	
Net income (gs) – reported	1,344	1,136	18%

4Q15 pre-tax profit up by 22% YoY driven by Investment Solutions

- 15% rise in core businesses net revenues in 4Q15 vs. 4Q14 mainly fuelled by Asset management business (+36%)

- Cost of risk down to €66m YoY (-16%) thanks to the relevance of our O2D model

- Strong growth in minority interest related to high performances of some European affiliates in Asset management

- 4Q15 net income (gs) up by 5% to €314m and 39% increase for the 4Q15 reported net income (gs) to €316m

- 4Q15 ROTE⁽²⁾ rose by 40bps vs. 4Q14 to 8.7%

<i>Pro forma and excluding exceptional items⁽¹⁾ in €m</i>	4Q15	4Q14	4Q15 vs. 4Q14
Net revenues	2,249	1,996	13%
<i>of which core businesses</i>	<i>2,082</i>	<i>1,811</i>	<i>15%</i>
Expenses	(1,582)	(1,422)	11%
Gross operating income	667	574	16%
Provision for credit losses	(66)	(78)	(16)%
Pre-tax profit	614	503	22%
Income tax	(232)	(175)	32%
Minority interest	(68)	(28)	146%
Net income (gs)	314	300	5%

<i>in €m</i>	4Q15	4Q14	4Q15 vs. 4Q14
Restatement of IFRIC 21 impact	(14)	(12)	
Net income (gs) – excluding IFRIC 21 impact	300	288	4%
ROTE excluding IFRIC 21 impact	8.7%	8,3%	

<i>in €m</i>	4Q15	4Q14	4Q15 vs. 4Q14
Exceptional items & GAPC	1	(73)	
Reinstatement of IFRIC 21 impact	14	12	
Net income (gs) – reported	316	228	39%

Continuous improvement in core businesses cost of risk since the launch of the strategic plan

- Core business cost of risk⁽¹⁾ at 41bps in 4Q15, almost stable vs. 4Q14 and down to 36bps in 2015

- Development of the Asset Light model leading to a rapidly shrinking cost of risk/NBI ratio for the past 3 years: 5.2% in 2013⁽²⁾ vs. 3.9% in 2014 & 3.0% in 2015

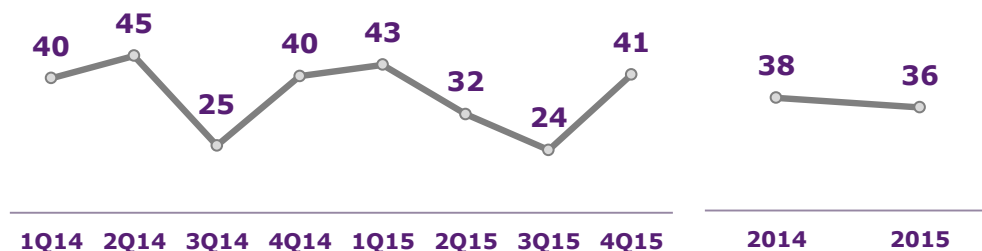
- Limited exposures on emerging markets:

✓ LATAM: 2.8% of EAD as of Dec. 31, 2015

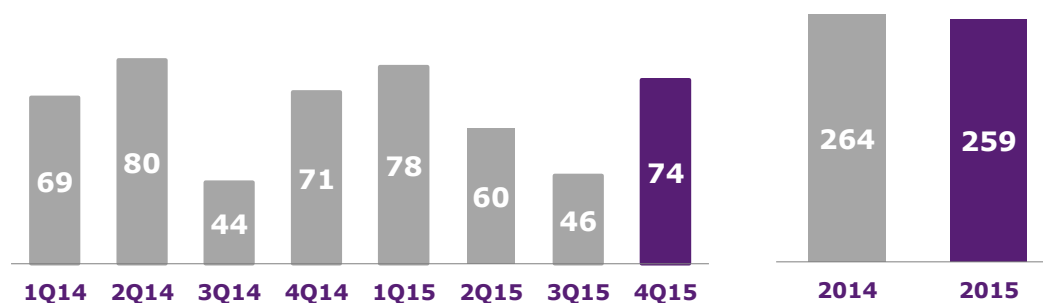
✓ Asia (excluding Japan): 3.5% of EAD as of Dec. 31, 2015

- 30-35bps cost of risk guidance confirmed through the cycle on the New Frontier Plan

Cost of risk⁽¹⁾ of the core businesses expressed in bps of loans outstanding



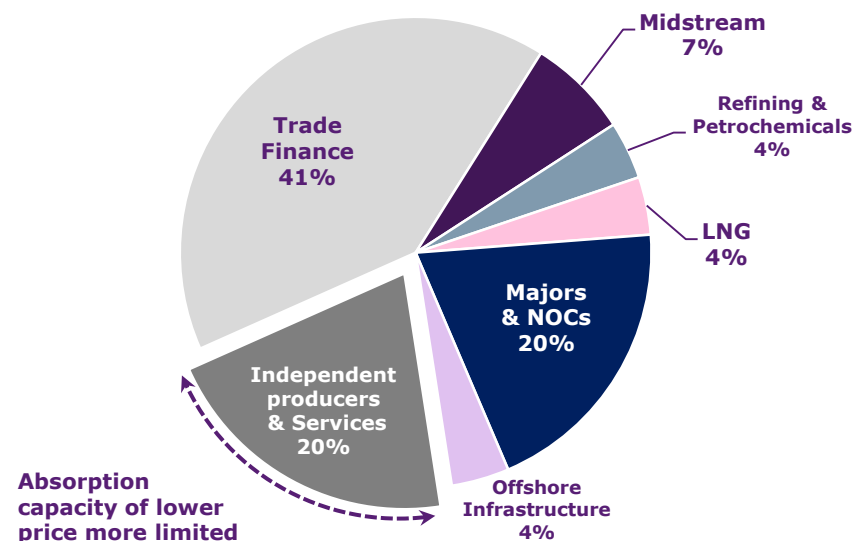
Cost of risk of the core businesses, in €m



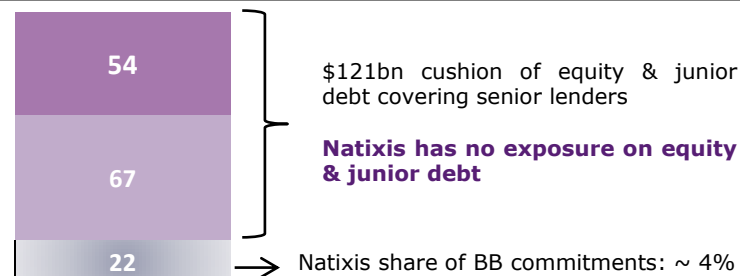
Guidance of cost of risk not affected by O&G prices' fall

- **The most sensitive part of our portfolio to O&G prices' drop** (Independent producers & Services) **just represents 1% of Natixis total EAD**
- Natixis portfolio counts **43 US good quality independent O&G producers**:
 - ✓ With average break-even production costs lower than current prices
 - ✓ In 2H15, **no new significant potential distressed situation identified and very limited number of stretched liquidity situations**, counterbalanced by the available cash and by the undrawn financing lines covered by the Borrowing Base (BB)
- Natixis is only exposed to Reserve Based Lending (RBL). As **senior secured lender (proved reserves only)**, Natixis benefits from:
 - ✓ An efficient US legal environment protecting secured lenders
 - ✓ Favorable capital structure of independents producers
 - ✓ **High recovery rate in case of default for secured lenders (95% over a 25-year history)**
- Severe sensitivity test done early 2016 on independent producers (**\$20/bbl in 2016, \$25/bbl in 2017 & \$30/bbl in 2018**):
 - ✓ **Results**: circa \$250m loans not covered by proved reserves value over 3 years which lead to some restructuring situations and some provisioning manageable over these 3 years
 - ✓ **Conclusion**: even in this severe test, **this potential additional cost of risk is manageable with our 30/35bps cost of risk guidance**

Breakdown of the €12.1bn EAD by customer segment for SAF ⁽¹⁾



Financial structure of US O&G independent producers



■ Equity ■ Junior Debt ■ Senior debt (drawn BB amount)

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1. 2015 and 4Q15 results

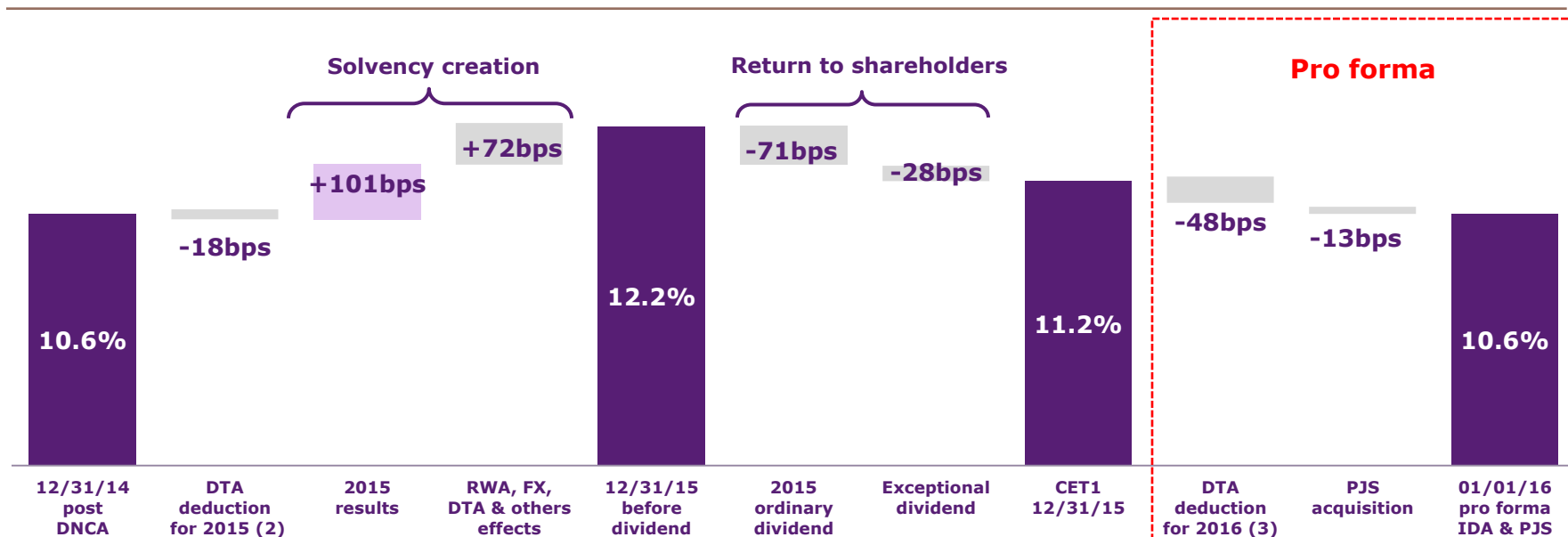
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12.2% CET1⁽¹⁾ ratio before distribution as of December 31st 2015



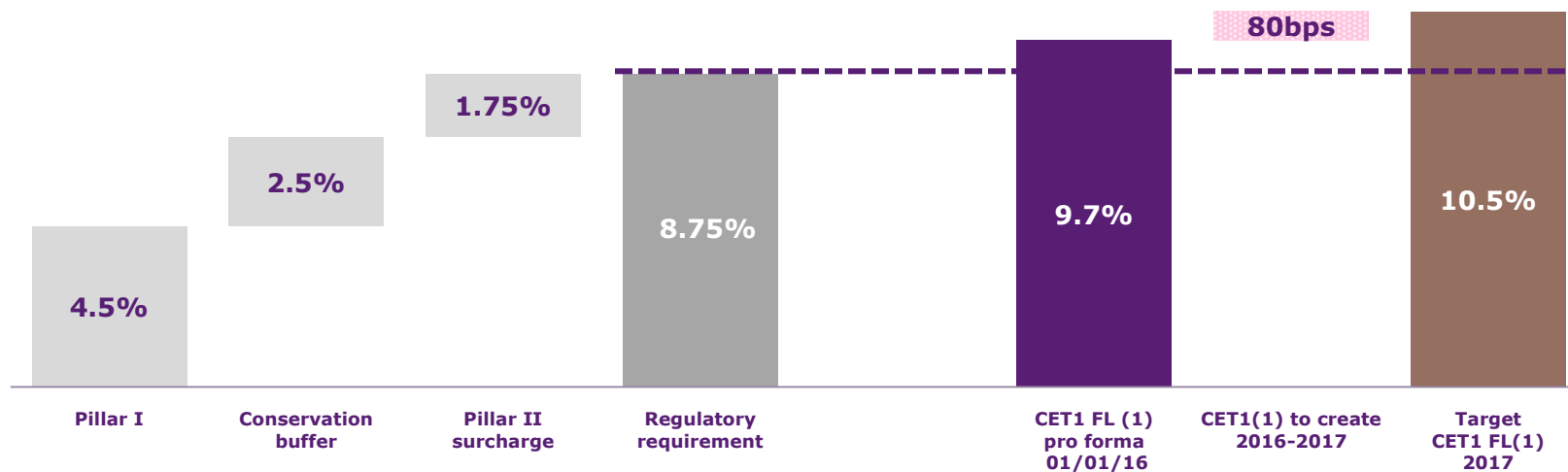
- 173bps organic increase in CET1⁽¹⁾ ratio of which 101bps related to 2015 results (28bps in 4Q15) and 72bps thanks to RWAs strict management (O2D) and to the use of DTAs
- Anticipation of new rules regarding DTAs phase-in measures starting January 1st 2016, without effect on shareholders distribution policy
- CET1⁽¹⁾ capital and risk-weighted assets under Basel 3⁽¹⁾ stood at €12.7bn and €113.3bn respectively as of end-December 2015. Continued tight control of RWA (-2% vs. 2014)
- Sharp reduction of 2015 total assets (-15% vs. end-December 2014 ie. -€103bn at constant exchange rate) and leverage ratio⁽¹⁾ above 4% as of end-December 2015

(1) Based on CRR-CRD4 rules as reported on June 26, 2013, including the Danish compromise - without phase-in except for DTAs on tax-loss carryforwards

(2) 10% deduction on DTAs on tax-loss carryforwards for 2015 as of 01/01/2015 due to phase-in measures

(3) Following ECB publication on 11/11/15, additional phase-in deduction on DTAs on tax-loss carryforwards of which 16bps for 2015 & 32bps for 2016

CET1 ratio FL⁽¹⁾ level well above the regulatory capital requirement



Organic generation, post ordinary dividend, of 102bps CET1⁽¹⁾ in 2015 vs. 80bps to be generated in 2 years to reach the 10.5% CET1 ratio FL

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Strong growth in net revenues in all Investment Solutions business lines

Investment Solutions

- **Sound growth in 2015 net revenues: +25% vs. 2014 (+13% at constant exchange rates)**
- **Significant improvement in cost/income ratio⁽¹⁾ of more than 3pp vs. 2014 to 67.6%**
- **+39% increase in Gross operating income in 2015 (+26% at constant exchange rates)**
- **DNCA contribution: €73m in GOI for 6 months of which €43m in 4Q15**

Insurance

✓ 1% rise in 2015 global turnover vs. 2014 to €6.1bn

✓ Life insurance:

- €44.1bn AuM as of end 2015 (+5% YoY), of which 19% in unit-linked policies
- €1.3bn of net inflows in 2015, of which 44% in unit-linked policies
- Prudent management of "client" revaluation rate (-0.3pp in 2015), which maintains current and future margin levels

✓ P&C and Personal protection insurance businesses:

- P&C business: 11% increase in turnover vs. 2014
- Personal protection and Borrower's insurance: 12% increase in turnover vs. 2014
- Significant increase in non-life insurance equipment rate in Groupe BPCE networks in 2015 (+1pp in BP network to 21.4%, and +1.7pp to 24.7% in CE network)
- P&C combined ratio at 92.0% (-0.7pp vs. 2014)

in €m	4Q15	4Q14	4Q15 vs. 4Q14	2015	2015 vs. 2014	2015 vs. 2014 constant exchange rate
Net revenues	1,006	773	30%	3,515	25%	13%
o/w Asset management	817	599	36%	2,755	29%	13%
o/w Insurance	146	134	9%	584	10%	
o/w Private banking	41	33	24%	145	13%	
Expenses	(648)	(549)	18%	(2,376)	19%	8%
Gross operating income	357	223	60%	1,139	39%	26%
Provision for credit losses	1	2		4	(29)%	
Pre-tax profit	362	227	60%	1,157	41%	28%

Cost/income ratio ⁽¹⁾	64.8%	71.5%	(6.7)pp	67.6%	(3.4)pp
ROE after tax ⁽¹⁾	16.4%	15.7%	0.7pp	15.8%	0.8pp

✓ **Cost/income ratio below 70% in 2015 in line with the 2017 New Frontier plan target**

✓ **2015 ROE up YoY by 80bps to 15.8%**

Asset management: 53% YoY increase in pre-tax profit and record €33bn net inflows in 2015

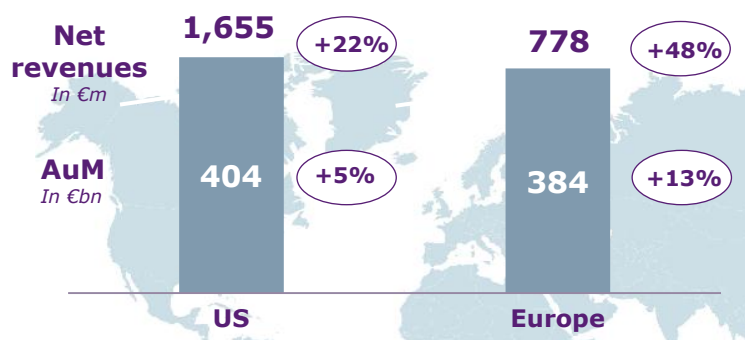
- **Positive net inflows of €3bn in 4Q15, of which €6bn in Europe and €3bn outflows in the US** (challenging US environment for Mutual Funds)
- **More than €20bn net inflows in Europe and €12bn in the US in 2015**
- **9% rise in total AuM over the year** with a positive product mix leading to increased margins
- **Record improvement of more than 400bps in cost/income ratio to 69%** allowed by the product mix improvement and the centralized distribution platform
- **Strong dynamic and positive jaws effect result in a 53% rise in 2015 pre-tax profit with a DNCA contribution of only 6 months**

Asset management

<i>in €m</i>	4Q15	4Q14	4Q15 vs. 4Q14	2015	2015 vs. 2014	2015 vs. 2014 constant exchange rate
Net revenues	817	599	36%	2,755	29%	13%
Expenses	(520)	(433)	20%	(1,900)	21%	7%
Gross operating income	297	166	79%	855	50%	30%
Provision for credit losses	1	2	(51)%	1	(62)%	
Pre-tax profit	298	167	78%	858	53%	32%

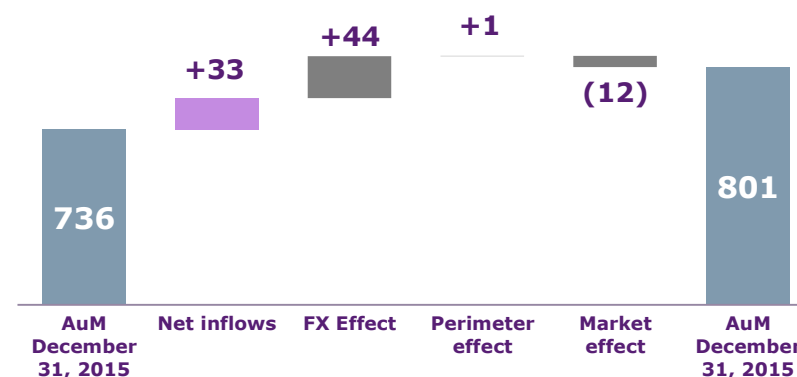
Change per geographical area

Per asset manager, excluding distribution platform and Holding



Net revenues & AuM as of end-December 2015 (x%) 2015 vs. 2014

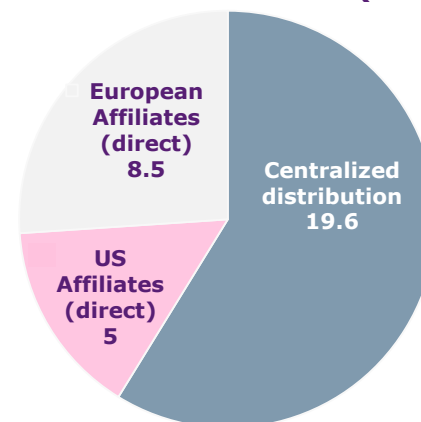
Assets under management, in €bn



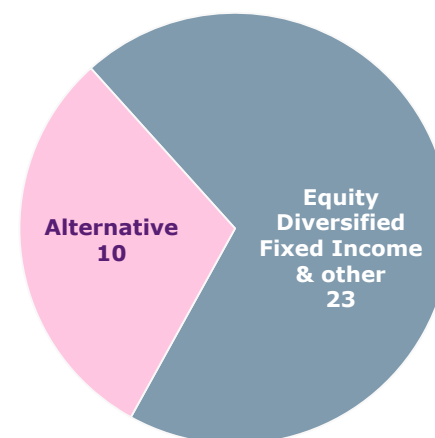
Asset management: a diversified and profitable growth model

- **A multi-affiliate model to attract the best talents to build a competitive offer, tailored to its environment and presenting a distinct profile vs. passive strategies:**
 - ✓ Continued development dynamic with major affiliates such as Loomis Sayles and NAM (**€12bn net inflows each in 2015**)
 - ✓ DNCA: net inflows of more than €2.8bn since acquisition (**AuM as of end-December 2015 > €19bn**)
 - ✓ **Strong growth on “Alternative” strategies with high margin levels (€10bn net inflows in 2015):** H₂O (Global Macro, €3.5bn), DNCA (L/S Equity, €1bn), Alpha Simplex (Managed futures, €2bn), AEW (Real estate, €2bn), Mirova (Infrastructure, €1bn), NGAM Private Equity (€0.5bn)
- **A centralized distribution platform with more than 700 employees and €292bn of AuM distributed:**
 - ✓ €91bn of gross inflows excluding MMF in 2015
 - ✓ A comprehensive “solution” approach making it possible to build a global and diversified customer relationship
 - ✓ Significant potential for expansion:
 - Opening in Latin America in 2015
 - Expansion in the pension sector in the US
 - New initiatives to be launched in Australia and Canada

**2015 net inflows
by distribution channel (in €bn)**



**2015 net inflows
by asset type (in €bn)**



Good resilience in 2015 despite tough market conditions in 2H15

CIB

Figures excluding exceptional items⁽¹⁾

- **5% growth in 2015 net revenues vs. 2014, in line with the strategic plan target, mainly fuelled by the Equity and Structured financing businesses**
- **21% growth in net revenues from the international platforms in 2015 vs. 2014**
- **9% increase of operating expenses in 2015 vs. 2014, mainly due to:**
 - ✓ investments related to international expansion
 - ✓ regulatory costs
- **GOI up 2% in 2015 excluding non-recurring transactions in Structured financing in 1Q14**
- **O2D strategy: continued improvement in RWA profitability with a Net revenues/RWA ratio of 4.4% in 2015 vs. 4% in 2014**

In €m	4Q15	4Q14	4Q15 vs. 4Q14	2015	2015 vs. 2014
Net revenues	742	711	4%	3,056	5%
Expenses	(494)	(435)	14%	(1,861)	9%
Gross operating income	248	276	(10)%	1,194	(1)%
Provision for credit losses	(57)	(48)	18%	(198)	7%
Pre-tax profit	205	232	(12)%	1,023	(2)%

Cost/Income ratio ⁽²⁾	68.1%	62.4%	5.7pp	60.9%	2.3pp
ROE after tax ⁽²⁾	7.4%	7.8%	(0.4)pp	9.2%	0.2pp

- ✓ **Continued tight control over RWA: -4% YoY as of end-December 2015**
- ✓ **ROE: +20bps in 2015 vs. 2014 to 9.2% with a capital allocation based on 10% of RWA**

(1) See note on methodology

(2) See note on methodology and excluding IFRIC 21 impact

Strong increase of Equity business contribution in 2015

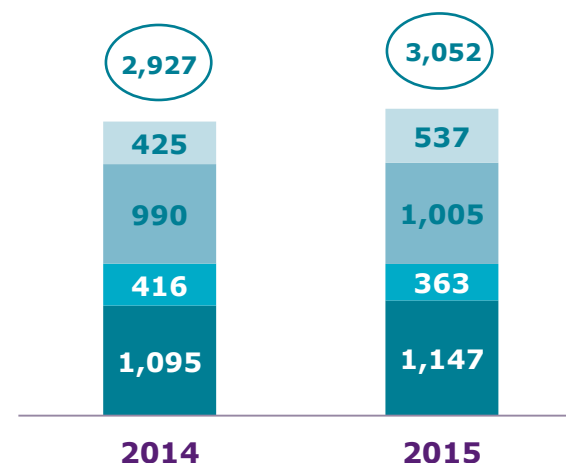
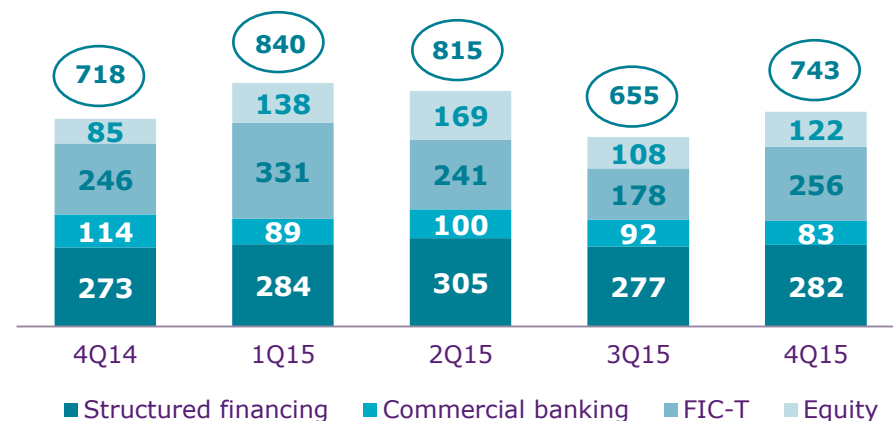
Financing activities

- 2015 Structured financing net revenues up 9% excluding non-recurring transactions in 1Q14, with:
 - ✓ Increased contribution of fees to revenues thanks to O2D: 37% in 2015 vs. 33% in 2014
 - ✓ €10bn new loan production in 4Q15 (+25% YoY) driven by all business lines except Global Energy & Commodities (-15% YoY), resulting in €30bn new loan production in 2015 with strong momentum in the Aircraft, Export & Infrastructure and Real Estate Finance businesses
 - ✓ Increase in outstanding limited to 4% thanks to syndication (enhancement of the distributed portion)
- €4.4bn new loan production in 4Q15 in the Commercial banking division (€15.5bn in 2015), with margins under pressure

Capital markets⁽¹⁾

- **Equity:** strong increase in 4Q15 net revenues (+43% YoY) and in 2015 (+26% YoY)
 - ✓ Very strong performance in Derivatives, with net revenues up 60% in 4Q15 (intense commercial activity in France and Asia) and up 44% in 2015, due to a strong demand for structured products from financial clients
- **FICT:** 4% growth in net revenues in 4Q15 vs. 4Q14 (+7% excluding XVA⁽³⁾ impact) mainly driven by Rates division, despite tough market conditions
 - ✓ Very strong performance achieved by GSCS and Forex in 2015 (revenues up 11% and 14% respectively on a YoY basis)

Change in net revenues⁽²⁾, in €m



(1) Figures excluding exceptional items, see note on methodology

(2) Excluding non-allocated net revenues (Other), see Appendix page 36

(3) XVA impact: -€54m in 2015 vs. -€29m in 2014

Very good performances in Specialized financing in 2015

- Net revenues increased by 2% in 4Q15 and by 3% in 2015, fuelled by growth in Specialized financing (6% and 7% over the same periods)
- 6% rise in 2015 GOI thanks to continued tight control of operating expenses
- Very strong improvement in the cost of risk, decreasing by 54% in 4Q15 vs. 4Q14 and by 23% over the year

Specialized financing

- ✓ Sureties & guarantees: net revenues rose 9% in 4Q15 vs. 4Q14 and 20% in 2015 vs. 2014. Written premiums almost doubled in 4Q15 vs. 4Q14 and up by 57% in 2015 vs. 2014
- ✓ Factoring: net revenues rose 4% in 4Q15 vs. 4Q14 and 8% in 2015. 19% rise in factored turnover from Natixis clients in 2015
- ✓ Leasing: very dynamic new production during the quarter (+41% vs. 4Q14) and over the year (+16%). Net revenues rose 12% in 4Q15 vs. 4Q14

Financial services

- ✓ Employee benefit schemes: net revenues increased by 4% in 2015. 10% growth in average AuM over the year to €25bn
- ✓ Payments: 5% increase in the number of electronic banking transactions processed and 3% increase in total number of bank cards in circulation in 2015

<i>in €m</i>	4Q15	4Q14	4Q15 vs. 4Q14	2015	2015 vs. 2014
Net revenues	334	327	2%	1,308	3%
Specialized financing	206	195	6%	792	7%
Financial services	128	132	(3)%	516	(1)%
Expenses	(216)	(212)	2%	(848)	2%
Gross operating income	118	115	2%	460	6%
Provision for credit losses	(10)	(22)	(54)%	(58)	(23)%
Pre-tax profit	107	92	17%	401	7%

Cost/income ratio ⁽¹⁾	65.7%	66.1%	(0.4)pp	64.8%	(0.9)pp
ROE after tax ⁽¹⁾	17.1%	13.8%	3.3pp	15.5%	1.0pp

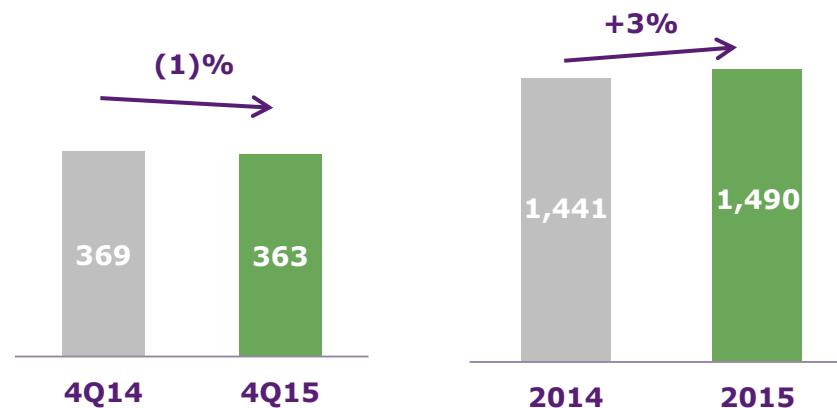
✓ Revenues growth in line with New Frontier plan

✓ ROE: +100bps in 2015 to 15.5%

Gradual improvement in the loss ratio from 2Q15

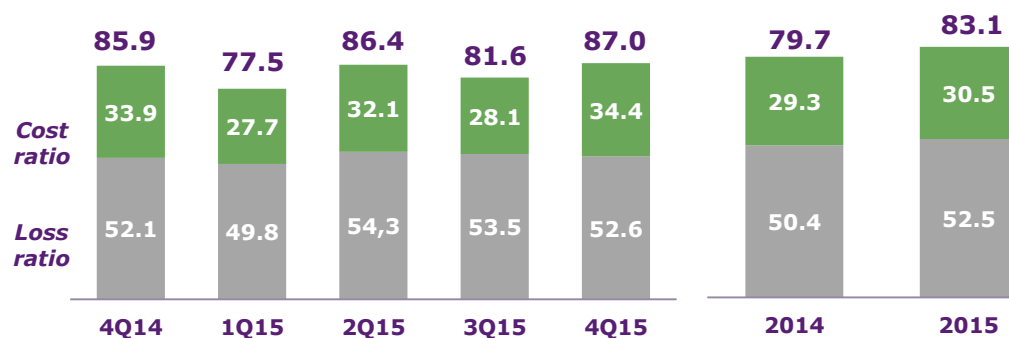
- Appointment of Xavier Durand as CEO of Coface. Main assignments: reinforcement of commercial momentum, and implementation of the necessary structural changes in order to continue improving the Group's operational efficiency
- Turnover up by 3% in 2015 vs. 2014 thanks to good business momentum
- Decrease in expenses: 1% over the year and 7% YoY in 4Q15
- GOI almost unchanged in 2015 at €130m and rising 4% YoY in 4Q15

Turnover, in €m



- Improvement by nearly 1pp in the loss ratio in 4Q15 vs. 3Q15 to 52.6% despite a continuous difficult context in some emerging markets
- Deterioration of the combined ratio, to 83.1% in 2015 vs. 79.7% in 2014

Credit insurance, ratios - net of reinsurance, as a %



Agenda

1. 2015 and 4Q15 results

2. Financial structure

3. Business division results

4. Progress in the New Frontier strategic plan

5. Conclusion

Solid growth in 2015 combined with high profitability

Asset management

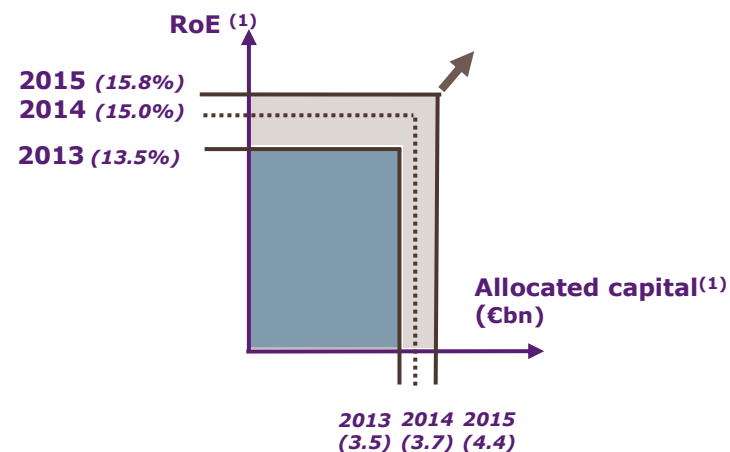
- €61bn Net New Money in 2 years vs. €75bn target for 2014-2017
- Increase in margins thanks notably to "Alternative" strategies in Europe
- Activity growth through client/product diversification, the multi-affiliate model and distribution platform

Insurance

- Net revenues increased by 10% vs. 2014, thanks to technical and financial margins preserved within a context of organic growth
- More than €50bn potential increase of AuM in Life-insurance with the 2 networks between 2016 and 2022
- Revenue synergies with Groupe BPCE well above New Frontier plan target

Capital deployment towards Asset Light and high ROE businesses in accordance with the New Frontier plan

	2014	2015
AuM	€736bn	€801bn
Net inflows	€28bn	€33bn
CIR	71.0%	67.6%
ROE	15.0%	15.8%



(1) On the basis of a new capital allocation to our businesses, 10% of the average Basel 3 risk-weighted assets from 2014 versus 9% previously

Development of our franchises with tight control of capital and liquidity

CIB

Expansion of the international platforms

- **Continued investments:** development of key franchises and geographical expansion in Americas and APAC regions
- **Acceleration in net revenue growth:** +35% in Asia (10% of revenues) and +28% in Americas (25% of revenues)

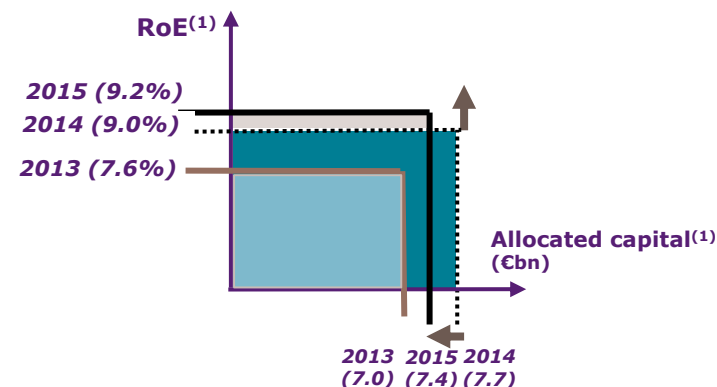
Growth in high-value-added activities

- **Strong development in Equity derivatives in 2015** (+44%) for the 2nd consecutive year thanks to an extension of the solutions product range. *No.5 Best Relationship Management on the Equity Lending Market worldwide in 2015 (Equity Lending Survey-GI/ISF-groupe 2)*
- **Continued development of high-value-added deals** in Structured financing, especially in acquisition & infrastructure business
 - ✓ *No.5 bookrunner on Sponsored leveraged transactions in EMEA in number of deals in 2015 (Dealogic)*
 - ✓ *No.1 bookrunner on project finance in EMEA in 2015 (Thomson Reuters)*

Success of O2D model

- **Rolling out the Asset Light model:**
 - ✓ Higher originated loans (+56% vs. 2013) with constant RWA
 - ✓ Very high level of activity from Syndication with sharp improvement in volumes distributed to investors, in particular among non-banking investors (amount more than doubled since 2013 to €5.5bn) and by the development of cooperation agreements (Swiss Life, CNP, Ageas and MACIF)
- **Launch of many initiatives to reinforce the integration of the O2D chain** and to strengthen distribution diversification

	2014	2015
CIR	58.6%	60.9%
ROE	9.0%	9.2%
RWA	-3% vs. 2013	-4% vs. 2014



Ongoing optimization of capital since 2013

Enhancement of our M&A franchise in the US

Feb. 2015



Natixis Partners launched with the **Leonardo & Co France** acquisition

Nov. 2015



Natixis Partners España launched with the **360 Corporate** acquisition

Feb. 2016



Proposed acquisition of a 51% stake in Peter J. Solomon (PJS). Clear path to acquire 100% in the long term

4 industry expertise groups

Global Retail & Distribution

Media, Tech, Communications

Consumer Products

Healthcare

Key data⁽¹⁾

Average 12-15^e revenues \$61.1m

Average 12-15^e EBITDA \$15.0m⁽²⁾

**# Partners
13**

**# Deals in 2015
35**

"Peter J. Solomon and current PJS Partners will continue to operate as an entrepreneurial firm and retain a material position in the ongoing company"

Consistent with New Frontier's objectives

- Development of Asset Light activities
- Selective international business development
- Strengthening of strategic dialogue with clients
- Boost cross-selling opportunities

Consistent with Natixis' advisory objectives

- Continuation of the strategy to reinforce Natixis M&A franchise
- Development of an international presence in M&A, aimed at accompanying our large clients
- Development of new M&A expertise

Synergies

- Large M&A deals for which Natixis could offer ancillary services
- M&A deals with Natixis core Corporate clients
- Additional CIB business that could be done with PJS's clients

Steady enhancement in profitability since 2013

Continued intensification of relationship with BPCE networks:

- ✓ 72% increase in the amount of individuals mortgage guarantees in 2015 vs. 2014
- ✓ New production on personal loans segment up by 17% (€17bn AuM at end December 2015)
- ✓ 13% rise in factored turnover from clients of Caisses d'Epargne network in 2015

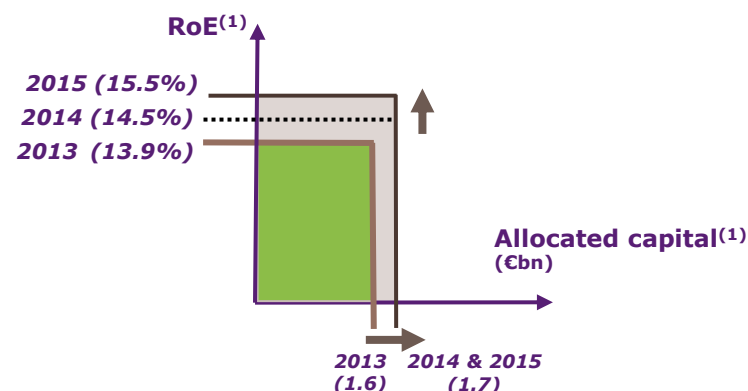
Launch of new digital initiatives:

- ✓ Credit card with dynamic cryptogram ("motion code" card) developed with Natixis Payment Solutions in September 2015
- ✓ Implementation of the "Threshold alert" revolving credit offer in the CE network in October 2015

2015 ROE increased by 100bps vs. 2014:

- ✓ Tight control of operating expenses (+2%)
- ✓ Decrease in the cost of risk (-23% in 2015)
- ✓ 5% decline in RWA over the year notably with IRBA certification on Real Estate Leasing
- ✓ Liquidity optimization: success of the revolving credit securitization transaction (Purple Master Credit Cards 2015-1: €550m on A class, rated AAA)

	2014	2015
CIR	65.7%	64.8%
ROE	14.5%	15.5%
RWA	-5% vs. 2013	-5% vs. 2014



- ✓ Significant increase of profitability despite the stabilization of allocated capital between 2014 and 2015
- ✓ ROE in line with the 2017 target

Agenda

1. 2015 and 4Q15 results

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Conclusion

After 2 years, the New Frontier strategic plan is well underway

- ✓ Net revenues of the core business lines close to €8bn (+12% YoY), ahead of the 2017 target
- ✓ Confirmation of the Asset Light model with RWA down 4% year-on-year in the CIB and 2% for Natixis, after reductions of respectively 3% and 4% in 2014
- ✓ Limited use of the balance sheet (-15% vs. end-2014, i.e. -€90bn at current exchange rate) leading to a significant improvement in the leverage ratio⁽¹⁾ to 4.3% (+100bps vs. end-2014) and reduced sensitivity to cost of risk
- ✓ Constant improvement in profitability for CIB's RWA with a net revenues/RWA ratio of 4.4% in 2015 vs. 4% in 2014 and 3.8% in 2013⁽²⁾
- ✓ Substantial increase in core businesses ROE to 12.1% in 2015, i.e. +80bps vs. 2014
- ✓ EPS up 18% to €0.41 in 2015

Continued strategic redeployment in favor of Investment Solutions

- ✓ 45% of the core businesses PBT in 2015 vs. 37% in 2014 while the weight of the CIB fall to 40% (vs. 47% in 2014)
- ✓ Assurément#2016 & new life insurance offer in the Caisses d'Épargne network: roll-out of the offer since January 2016 in 2 regional banks. Potential increase in life insurance AUM with the 2 retail networks of more than €50bn between 2016 and 2022
- ✓ Successful integration of DNCA: almost €3bn net new money since the acquisition, AuM up by 37% in 2015 and GOI contribution of €73m for a 6-months integration, significantly higher than first estimates

Confirmation of the dividend policy

- ✓ Progressive ordinary dividend policy: 25% increase to €0.25 cash DPS⁽³⁾, confirming also the ability to deliver a recurring payout ratio ≥ 50%
- ✓ Returning surpluses beyond CET1 target, with a €0.10 exceptional cash DPS⁽³⁾

(1) See note on methodology

(2) As reported in 2013

(3) Proposal presented to the May 24th, 2016 Shareholders' General Meeting

A **Appendix – Detailed Results (4Q15)**

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Limited exposure on customers with high sensitivity to oil & gas prices

Breakdown of the €12.1bn Exposure at Default (EAD) by customer segment for SAF (Structured financing)⁽¹⁾

Trade finance	Trade financing is inherently at very short term (< 90 days). Natixis transactions were originated in 4Q15 with oil prices already down sharply. Financing lines are uncommitted which allow Natixis to refuse some of them. Traders are <u>systematically</u> hedged on price variation risk. Natixis is not exposed to the oil price variation risk	41%	48% of lending not exposed to oil price risk
Midstream	Transportation (pipeline), storage and wholesale marketing of crude oil, petroleum products and gas. Most resilient segment as revenues are generally based on carried volume and not linked to oil price	7%	
Refining / Petrochemicals	Mainly secured transactions (Asset Back Facilities) to US refiners which enjoy a favorable refining margin environment	4%	28% of lending not directly exposed to oil price risk or with a low sensitivity to oil price risk
LNG	Mainly long term contracts with Majors companies in a "take or pay" or "Tolling" basis	4%	
Majors & NOCs	National oil companies and international integrated oil companies with strong balance sheet and/or strategic companies for oil producing countries	20%	
Offshore Infrastructure	Mainly operational offshore platforms with Majors/Nocs & investment grade companies in <u>secured lending basis only</u>	4%	Absorption capacity of lower oil price
Independent producers & services companies	Strong mitigation effects for the US producers with: i) collateral coverage from proved reserves, ii) significant commodity hedging, iii) semi-annual borrowing base redetermination. <u>Senior secured lending</u> (RBL) with significant amount of cushion of equity and junior debt Companies involved in drilling rigs, in assistance to production, pipe laying, heavy lifting, etc. Oil services in the US has been almost exited since 2011 (from 37 counterparties to 3)	20%	More limited absorption capacity of lower oil price

Note on methodology

Note on methodology:

> 2014 figures are pro forma:

(1) of the new capital allocation to our businesses, 10% of the average Basel 3 risk weighted assets versus 9% previously. 2014 quarterly series have been restated on this new basis;

(2) as of January 1st, 2015, application of the IFRIC 21 interpretation «Levies» regarding the accounting for tax except the income tax. This implementation leads to register taxes concerned at the date of their event and not necessarily throughout the year. These taxes are charged to our businesses;

(3) and in accordance with the application of the IFRIC 21 interpretation, the accounting of the estimated contribution to the Single Resolution Fund is registered in the first quarter of 2015 in the expenses of the Corporate Center. This item is not charged to the business lines and is treated as an exceptional item in the financial communication disclosure.

> Business line performance using Basel 3 standards:

The performances of Natixis business lines are presented using Basel 3 standards. Basel 3 risk-weighted assets are based on CRR-CRD4 rules as published in June 26th, 2013 (including Danish compromise treatment for qualified entities).

> Annualized ROTE is computed as follows: net income (group share) – DSN net interest/average net assets after dividend – hybrid notes – intangible assets – average goodwill. This ratio include goodwill and intangible assets by business lines to determinate the ROE ratio of businesses.

> The remuneration rate on normative capital is 3%.

> Own senior debt fair-value adjustment calculated using a discounted cash-flow model, contract by contract, including parameters such as swaps curve, and revaluation spread (based on the BPCE reoffer curve).

> Exceptional items: figures and comments on this presentation are based on Natixis and its businesses income statements excluding exceptional items detailed page 5. Natixis and its businesses income statements including exceptional items (reported data) are available in the appendix of this presentation.

> The leverage ratio is based on delegated act rules, without phase-in except for DTAs on tax loss carry forward and with the hypothesis of a roll-out for non-eligible subordinated notes under Basel 3 by eligible notes. Repos transactions with central counterparties are offset in accordance with IAS 32 rules without maturity or currency criteria.

> The cost/income ratio and the ROE excluding IFRIC 21 impact calculation takes into account by quarter ¼ of the annual duties and levies concerned by this new accounting rule

4Q15 results: from data excluding exceptional items⁽¹⁾ to reported data

<i>in €m</i>	4Q15 excl. exceptional items	FV Adjustment on own senior debt	Single Resolution Fund	4Q15 reported
Net revenues	2,249	(4)		2,244
Expenses	(1,582)		4	(1,578)
Gross operating income	667	(4)	4	666
Provision for credit losses	(66)			(66)
Associates	16			16
Gain or loss on other assets / Change in value of goodwill	(2)			(2)
Pre-tax profit	614	(4)	4	614
Tax	(232)	2		(230)
Minority interest	(68)			(68)
Net income (group share)	314	(3)	4	316

Natixis – Consolidated⁽¹⁾

<i>in €m</i>	1Q14	2Q14	3Q14	4Q14	1Q15	2Q15	3Q15	4Q15	4Q15 vs. 4Q14	2014	2015	2015 vs. 2014
Net revenues	1,879	2,032	1,715	1,886	2,190	2,301	1,969	2,244	19%	7,512	8,704	16%
Expenses	(1,386)	(1,352)	(1,283)	(1,422)	(1,553)	(1,431)	(1,393)	(1,578)	11%	(5,442)	(5,955)	9%
Gross operating income	492	681	433	464	637	870	576	666	44%	2,069	2,749	33%
Provision for credit losses	(78)	(85)	(61)	(78)	(78)	(64)	(83)	(66)	(16)%	(302)	(291)	(4)%
Associates	11	9	11	9	9	13	8	16	72%	40	46	13%
Gain or loss on other assets	0	(23)	88	13	0	(30)	2	(3)		78	(31)	
Change in value of goodwill	0	(38)	0	(12)	0	0	0	0		(51)	0	
Pre-tax profit	425	543	471	396	568	789	502	614	55%	1,834	2,473	35%
Tax	(148)	(183)	(151)	(140)	(239)	(312)	(190)	(230)	64%	(623)	(971)	56%
Minority interest	(7)	(14)	(27)	(28)	(42)	(27)	(20)	(68)		(76)	(158)	
Net income (group share)	270	345	293	228	287	450	291	316	39%	1,136	1,344	18%

Natixis – Breakdown by Business division

4Q15						
<i>in €m</i>	Investment Solutions	CIB	SFS	Financial Investments	Corporate Center	Natixis reported
Net revenues	1,006	742	334	190	(27)	2,244
Expenses	(648)	(494)	(216)	(165)	(54)	(1,578)
Gross operating income	357	248	118	24	(81)	666
Provision for credit losses	1	(57)	(10)	(5)	5	(66)
Net operating income	358	191	108	19	(76)	601
Associates	6	14	0	(4)	0	16
Other items	(2)	0	0	(1)	1	(2)
Pre-tax profit	362	205	107	15	(75)	614
					Tax	(230)
					Minority interest	(68)
				Net income (gs)		316

Investment Solutions⁽¹⁾

<i>in €m</i>	1Q14	2Q14	3Q14	4Q14	1Q15	2Q15	3Q15	4Q15	4Q15 vs. 4Q14	2014	2015	2015 vs. 2014
Net revenues	648	711	690	773	823	846	840	1,006	30%	2,822	3,515	25%
<i>Asset Management</i>	489	527	523	599	639	633	666	817	36%	2,137	2,755	29%
<i>Private Banking</i>	31	33	31	33	34	36	34	41	24%	128	145	13%
<i>Insurance</i>	126	139	130	134	140	156	141	146	9%	529	584	10%
Expenses	(486)	(489)	(480)	(549)	(583)	(576)	(569)	(648)	18%	(2,004)	(2,376)	19%
Gross operating income	163	222	210	223	240	270	271	357	60%	818	1,139	39%
Provision for credit losses	2	0	0	2	(1)	0	3	1	(47)%	5	4	(29)%
Net operating income	165	222	211	225	239	270	274	358	59%	823	1,142	39%
Associates	4	5	4	4	5	7	4	6	47%	17	22	28%
Other items	(2)	(10)	(6)	(3)	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)		(20)	(8)	
Pre-tax profit	167	217	209	227	242	275	276	362	60%	820	1,157	41%
Cost/Income ratio	74.9 %	68.8 %	69.5 %	71.1 %	70.8 %	68.1 %	67.7 %	64.5 %		71.0 %	67.6 %	
Cost/Income ratio excluding IFRIC 21 effect	73.3 %	69.3 %	70.0 %	71.5 %	69.6 %	68.5 %	68.1 %	64.8 %		71.0 %	67.6 %	
RWA (Basel 3 – in €bn)	12.8	13.0	13.0	13.8	14.7	14.3	14.4	15.3	11%	13.8	15.3	11%
Normative capital allocation (Basel 3)	3,578	3,616	3,647	3,762	3,899	4,170	4,666	4,672	24%	3,650	4,352	19%
ROE after tax (Basel 3) ⁽²⁾	12.7 %	15.6 %	15.7 %	15.9 %	15.1 %	17.2 %	14.4 %	16.6 %		15.0 %	15.8 %	
ROE after tax (Basel 3) excluding IFRIC 21 effect ⁽²⁾	13.5 %	15.3 %	15.4 %	15.7 %	15.8 %	17.0 %	14.2 %	16.4 %		15.0 %	15.8 %	

(1) See note on methodology

(2) Normative capital allocation methodology based on 10% of the average RWA-including goodwill and intangibles

Corporate & Investment Banking⁽¹⁾

<i>in €m</i>	1Q14	2Q14	3Q14	4Q14	1Q15	2Q15	3Q15	4Q15	4Q15 vs. 4Q14	2014	2015	2015 vs. 2014
Net revenues	732	763	680	629	806	842	665	742	18%	2,804	3,056	9%
Commercial Banking	102	100	101	114	89	100	92	83	(27)%	416	363	(13)%
Structured Financing	290	262	271	273	284	305	277	282	3%	1,095	1,147	5%
Capital Markets	349	384	314	249	468	410	286	378	52%	1,296	1,542	19%
Fixed Income & Treasury	233	249	224	164	331	241	178	256	56%	871	1,005	15%
Equity	116	135	89	85	138	169	108	122	43%	425	537	26%
Other	(8)	16	(6)	(7)	(35)	27	11	(1)	(92)%	(4)	3	
Expenses	(455)	(422)	(403)	(435)	(492)	(459)	(416)	(494)	14%	(1,715)	(1,861)	9%
Gross operating income	277	340	277	194	314	383	250	248	28%	1,089	1,194	10%
Provision for credit losses	(52)	(61)	(24)	(48)	(65)	(40)	(36)	(57)	18%	(186)	(198)	7%
Net operating income	225	279	253	146	249	343	214	191	31%	903	996	10%
Associates	6	4	6	5	4	5	3	14		21	27	25%
Other items	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		0	0	
Pre-tax profit	231	283	260	151	253	348	217	205	36%	924	1,023	11%
Cost/Income ratio	62.1 %	55.4 %	59.2 %	69.1 %	61.0 %	54.6 %	62.5 %	66.6 %		61.2 %	60.9 %	
Cost/Income ratio excluding IFRIC 21 effect	57.4 %	56.8 %	61.0 %	70.5 %	57.0 %	55.8 %	64.1 %	68.1 %		61.1 %	60.9 %	
RWA (Basel 3 – in €bn)	76.0	77.8	74.7	72.2	76.1	73.2	70.9	69.4	(4)%	72.2	69.4	(4)%
Normative capital allocation (Basel 3)	7,549	7,704	7,879	7,568	7,318	7,712	7,426	7,195	(5)%	7,675	7,413	(3)%
ROE after tax (Basel 3) ⁽²⁾	8.1 %	9.6 %	8.7 %	5.3 %	9.2 %	12.0 %	7.8 %	7.8 %		7.9 %	9.2 %	
ROE after tax (Basel 3) excluding IFRIC 21 effect ⁽²⁾	9.3 %	9.2 %	8.3 %	5.0 %	10.4 %	11.6 %	7.4 %	7.4 %		7.9 %	9.2 %	

(1) See note on methodology

(2) Normative capital allocation methodology based on 10% of the average RWA-including goodwill and intangibles

Specialized Financial Services⁽¹⁾

in €m	1Q14	2Q14	3Q14	4Q14	1Q15	2Q15	3Q15	4Q15	4Q15 vs. 4Q14	2014	2015	2015 vs. 2014
Net revenues	313	320	307	327	324	335	315	334	2%	1,266	1,308	3%
Specialized Financing	179	186	183	195	193	203	191	206	6%	743	792	7%
Factoring	37	36	23	37	35	35	35	38	4%	133	144	8%
Sureties & Financial Guarantees	32	37	31	34	40	47	35	37	9%	133	159	20%
Leasing	43	44	60	54	48	49	51	60	12%	200	208	4%
Consumer Financing	63	65	65	66	65	66	65	65	(1)%	259	262	1%
Film Industry Financing	4	5	4	4	4	5	5	5	19%	18	20	11%
Financial Services	133	133	124	132	131	133	124	128	(3)%	524	516	(1)%
Employee Savings Scheme	30	34	27	33	32	35	28	33	stable	123	128	4%
Payments	77	74	74	73	72	72	72	71	(4)%	298	287	(4)%
Securities Services	27	26	24	26	27	25	24	25	(6)%	103	101	(2)%
Expenses	(214)	(206)	(200)	(212)	(217)	(209)	(206)	(216)	2%	(832)	(848)	2%
Gross operating income	99	113	107	115	107	126	109	118	2%	434	460	6%
Provision for credit losses	(19)	(16)	(20)	(22)	(14)	(20)	(15)	(10)	(54)%	(76)	(58)	(23)%
Net operating income	80	98	88	94	93	107	94	108	15%	359	402	12%
Associates	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		0	0	
Other items	0	0	17	(2)	0	0	0	0		15	0	
Pre-tax profit	80	98	105	92	93	107	94	107	17%	374	401	7%
Cost/Income ratio	68.4 %	64.5 %	65.1 %	64.8 %	67.0 %	62.3 %	65.3 %	64.8 %		65.7 %	64.8 %	
Cost/Income ratio excluding IFRIC 21 effect	65.6 %	65.2 %	65.9 %	66.1 %	64.2 %	63.2 %	66.3 %	65.7 %		65.7 %	64.8 %	
RWA (Basel 3 – in €bn)	13.9	14.1	13.5	14.4	14.4	14.3	13.0	13.6	(5)%	14.4	13.6	(5)%
Normative capital allocation (Basel 3)	1,698	1,639	1,661	1,600	1,692	1,689	1,680	1,551	(3)%	1,650	1,653	stable
ROE after tax (Basel 3) ⁽²⁾	12.0 %	15.3 %	16.2 %	14.5 %	14.0 %	16.2 %	14.4 %	17.6 %		14.5 %	15.5 %	
ROE after tax (Basel 3) excluding IFRIC 21 effect ⁽²⁾	13.4 %	14.9 %	15.8 %	13.8 %	15.5 %	15.7 %	13.9 %	17.1 %		14.5 %	15.5 %	

(1) See note on methodology

(2) Normative capital allocation methodology based on 10% of the average RWA-including goodwill and intangibles

Financial Investments⁽¹⁾

<i>in €m</i>	1Q14	2Q14	3Q14	4Q14	1Q15	2Q15	3Q15	4Q15	4Q15 vs. 4Q14	2014	2015	2015 vs. 2014
Net revenues	213	212	209	196	227	197	215	190	(3)%	830	828	stable
<i>Coface</i>	<i>178</i>	<i>171</i>	<i>171</i>	<i>168</i>	<i>187</i>	<i>161</i>	<i>173</i>	<i>160</i>	<i>(5)%</i>	<i>689</i>	<i>680</i>	<i>(1)%</i>
<i>Corporate data solutions</i>	<i>21</i>	<i>21</i>	<i>20</i>	<i>21</i>	<i>20</i>	<i>20</i>	<i>23</i>	<i>19</i>	<i>(8)%</i>	<i>83</i>	<i>82</i>	<i>(1)%</i>
<i>Others</i>	<i>14</i>	<i>20</i>	<i>18</i>	<i>6</i>	<i>20</i>	<i>16</i>	<i>19</i>	<i>10</i>	<i>61%</i>	<i>58</i>	<i>66</i>	<i>13%</i>
Expenses	(176)	(170)	(167)	(180)	(178)	(167)	(171)	(165)	(8)%	(693)	(681)	(2)%
Gross operating income	37	42	43	16	48	30	44	24	53%	138	147	7%
Provision for credit losses	(2)	(3)	(2)	(4)	(3)	(4)	(6)	(5)	43%	(10)	(18)	76%
Net operating income	36	38	41	12	46	26	38	19	55%	127	129	1%
Associates	0	1	1	0	0	1	0	(4)		2	(3)	
Other items	0	(38)	0	(12)	0	(30)	2	(1)		(51)	(28)	
Pre-tax profit	36	1	41	0	46	(3)	40	15		78	97	24%

Corporate center⁽¹⁾

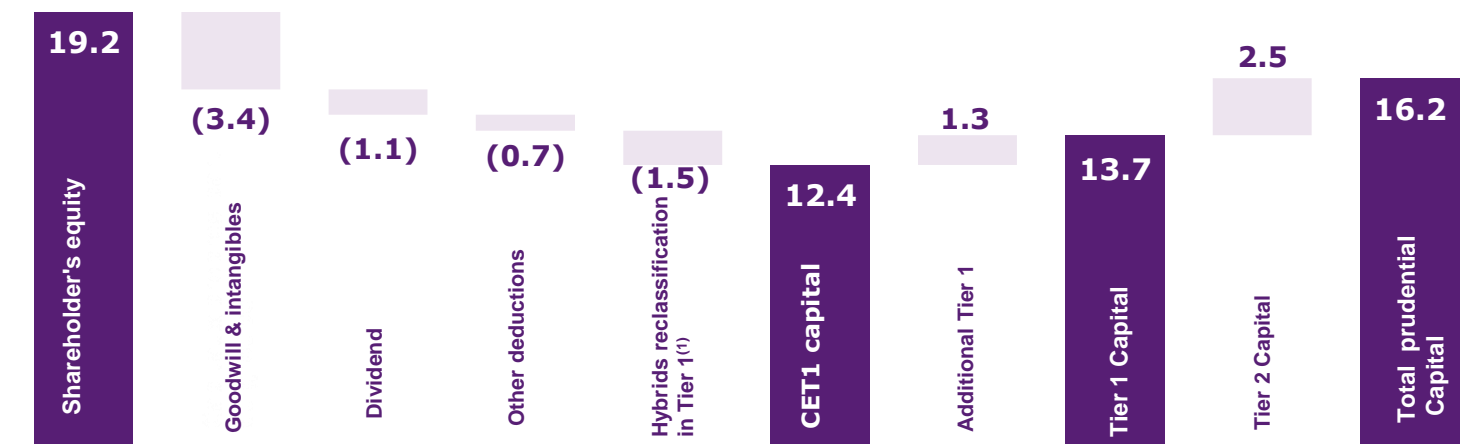
<i>in €m</i>	1Q14	2Q14	3Q14	4Q14	1Q15	2Q15	3Q15	4Q15	4Q15 vs. 4Q14	2014	2015	2015 vs. 2014
Net revenues	(42)	35	(171)	(39)	10	82	(67)	(27)	(31)%	(217)	(3)	
Expenses	(40)	(32)	(33)	(46)	(83)	(20)	(32)	(54)	17%	(151)	(188)	25%
Gross operating income	(82)	3	(204)	(85)	(73)	61	(99)	(81)	(5)%	(368)	(191)	(48)%
Provision for credit losses	(8)	(3)	(16)	(7)	5	0	(30)	5		(33)	(20)	(41)%
Net operating income	(90)	0	(220)	(92)	(68)	61	(128)	(76)	(18)%	(402)	(211)	(48)%
Associates	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		0	0	
Other items	1	(14)	77	17	2	2	2	1		82	6	
Pre-tax profit	(89)	(13)	(143)	(74)	(66)	63	(126)	(75)	1%	(319)	(205)	(36)%

GAPC

<i>in €m</i>	1Q14	2Q14	3Q14	4Q14	1Q15	2Q15	3Q15	4Q15	2014	2015
Net revenues	14	(7)	0	0	0	0	0	0	7	0
Expenses	(16)	(32)	0	0	0	0	0	0	(48)	0
Gross operating income	(2)	(39)	0	0	0	0	0	0	(41)	0
Provision for credit losses	1	(3)	0	0	0	0	0	0	(2)	0
Pre-tax profit	(1)	(42)	0	0	0	0	0	0	(43)	0
Net income	0	(27)	0	0	0	0	0	0	(28)	0

Regulatory capital in 4Q15 & financial structure Basel 3

Regulatory reporting, in €bn



In €bn	4Q14 CRD4 phased	1Q15 CRD4 phased	2Q15 CRD4 phased	3Q15 CRD4 phased	4Q15 CRD4 phased
CET1 Ratio	10.9%	11.1%	10.8%	11.0%	11.0%
Tier 1 Ratio	12.0%	11.9%	11.5%	12.1%	12.1%
Solvency Ratio	13.8%	13.6%	12.9%	14.4%	14.3%
Tier 1 capital	13.8	14.1	13.2	13.9	13.7
RWA	115.2	118.8	115.1	114.4	113.3

In €bn	4Q14	1Q15	2Q15	3Q15	4Q15
Equity group share	18.9	19.6	18.3	18.6	19.2
Total assets ⁽²⁾	590	574	512	513	500

Breakdown of risk-weighted assets	12/31/2015
Credit risk	75.9
Internal approach	60.9
Standard approach	15.0
Counterparty risk	7.8
Internal approach	7.0
Standard approach	0.8
Market risk	12.2
Internal approach	6.8
Standard approach	5.4
CVA	4.7
Operational risk - Standard approach	12.7
Total RWA	113.3

Leverage ratio

According to the rules of the Delegated Act published by the European Commission on October 10, 2014

€bn	12/31/2015
Tier 1 capital ⁽¹⁾	14.2
Total prudential balance sheet	433.8
Adjustment on derivatives ⁽²⁾	(50.4)
Adjustment on repos ⁽²⁾⁽³⁾	(21.3)
Other exposures to affiliates	(59.7)
Off balance sheet commitments ⁽²⁾	36.1
Regulatory adjustments	(3.8)
Total leverage exposures	334.7
Leverage ratio	4.3%

Normative capital allocation

Normative capital allocation and RWA breakdown at end-December 2015 – under Basel 3

<i>In €bn</i>	RWA (end of period)	In % of the total	Goodwill and intangibles	Average capital allocation beginning of period	ROE after tax 2015
Corporate & Investment Banking	69.4	67%	0.1	7.4	9.2%
Investment Solutions	15.3	15%	2.9	4.4	15.8%
SFS	13.6	13%	0.3	1.7	15.5%
Financial Investments	5.6	5%	0.2	0.8	
TOTAL (excl. Corporate Center)	103.9	100%	3.5	14.2	

As of December 31, 2015, in €bn

	Reported
Net book value⁽²⁾	16.6
Net tangible book value^(2,3)	13.0
CET1 capital under Basel 3 – phase-in	12.4

As of December 31, 2015, in €

	Net BV per share⁽¹⁾
Net book value⁽²⁾	5.31
Net tangible book value^(2,3)	4.15

DSN interest after tax

<i>in €m</i>	4Q15
Natixis	15

Earnings per share⁽⁴⁾

<i>in €</i>	2015
Reported	0.41

Natixis' ROE

	4Q15	2015
Reported	7.3%	7.8%

Groupe BPCE's MLT refinancing⁽¹⁾

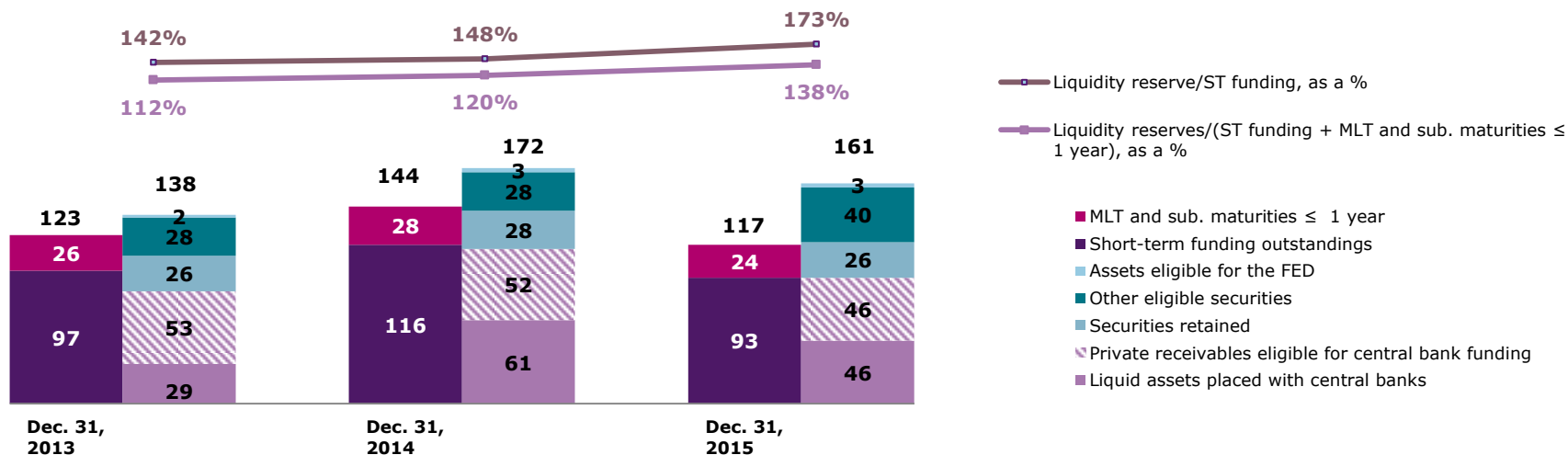
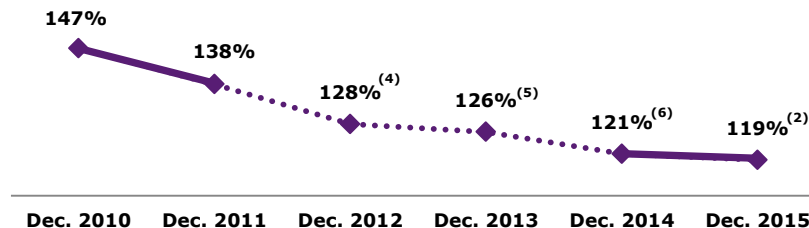
Liquidity reserves account for 138% of short-term funding plus MLT and subordinated debt maturing in ≤ 1 year

Liquidity reserves⁽²⁾ (in €bn) and short-term funding

Liquidity reserves: €161bn at Dec. 31, 2015

- **€46bn** in cash placed with central banks
- **€115bn** of available assets eligible for central bank funding
- Reserves equivalent to **138%** of total short-term funding and MLT and subordinated debt maturing within 1 year

Group customer loan/deposit ratio⁽³⁾



Groupe BPCE's MLT refinancing⁽¹⁾

108% of the 2015 MLT wholesale funding plan completed at Dec. 31, 2015

108% of the 2015 MLT wholesale funding plan completed at Dec. 31, 2015

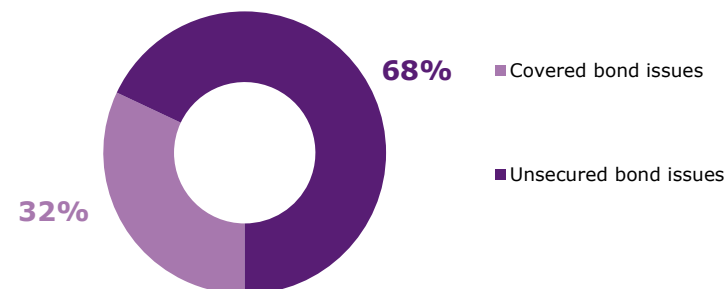
- €27.1bn raised for a €25bn plan
- Average maturity at issue: 5.2 years
- Average rate: mid-swap +18bps
- 55% public issues and 45% private placements

Unsecured bond segment: €18.4bn raised

- Senior: €15.8bn
- Tier-2: €2.6bn (taking into account the Tier-2 bond issue sold in our retail networks, total Tier-2 bonds issued in 2015: €3.2bn)

Covered bond segment: €8.7bn raised

Breakdown of 2015 MLT funding in line with objectives



2016 MLT wholesale funding plan of €24bn

Unsecured bond segment: €16-€18bn (67-75%)

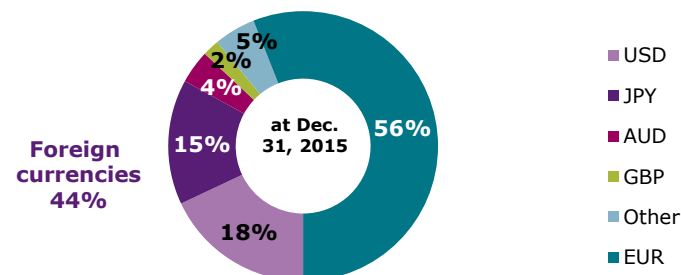
- Senior: €13-17bn
- Tier-2: €1-3bn (excluding Tier-2 bond issues sold in our retail networks)

Covered bond segment: €6-8bn (25-33%)

€6.8bn raised as at Feb. 2, 2016, equal to 28% of the 2016 MLT funding plan

Unsecured bonds: 70%, covered bonds: 30%

Diversification of the investor base (for unsecured bond issues in the wholesale market)

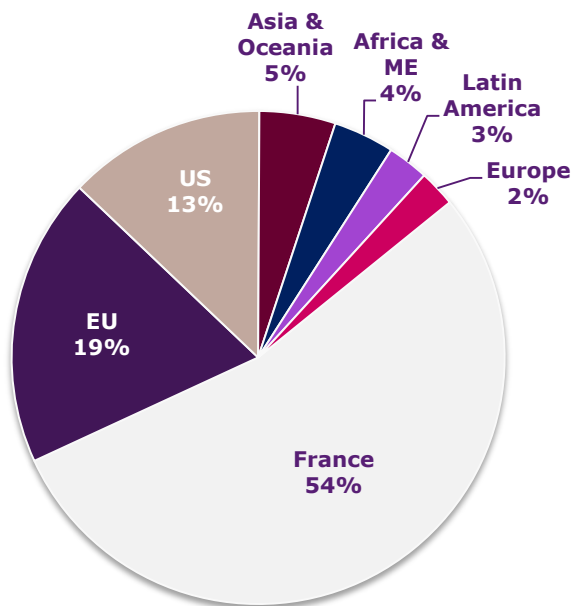


Balance sheet

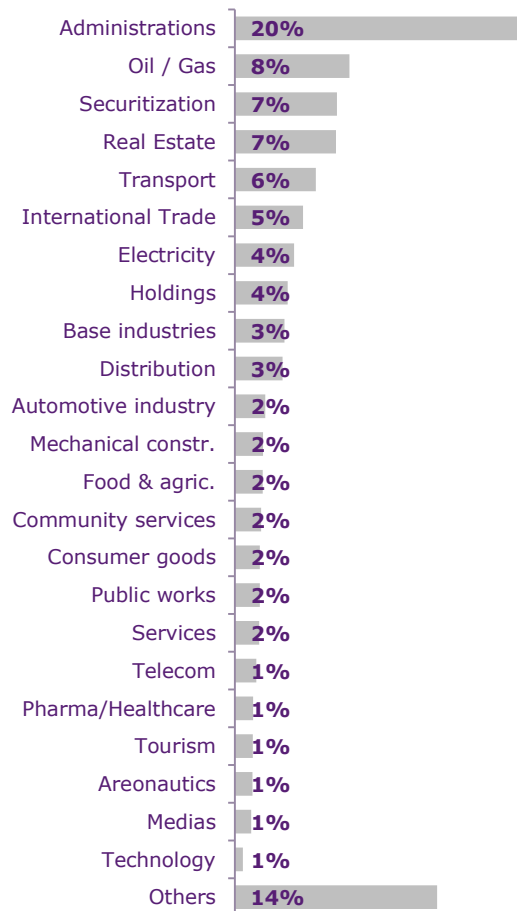
Assets (in €bn)	12/31/2015	12/31/2014	Liabilities and equity (in €bn)	12/31/2015	12/31/2014
Cash and balances with central banks	21.2	56.6	Due to central banks	0.0	0.0
Financial assets at fair value through profit and loss	191.6	254.6	Financial liabilities at fair value through profit and loss	159.0	220.6
Available-for-sale financial assets	52.7	44.8	Customer deposits and deposits from financial institutions	177.8	195.9
Loans and receivables	178.7	178.9	Debt securities	40.4	56.6
Held-to-maturity financial assets	2.3	2.8	Accruals and other liabilities	43.1	40.8
Accruals and other assets	46.7	46.5	Insurance companies' technical reserves	52.9	50.7
Investments in associates	0.7	0.7	Contingency reserves	1.7	1.6
			Subordinated debt	4.9	4.0
Tangible and intangible assets	2.8	2.7	Equity attributable to equity holders of the parent	19.2	18.9
Goodwill	3.6	2.8	Minority interests	1.3	1.3
Total	500.3	590.4	Total	500.3	590.4

EAD (Exposure at Default) at December 31, 2015

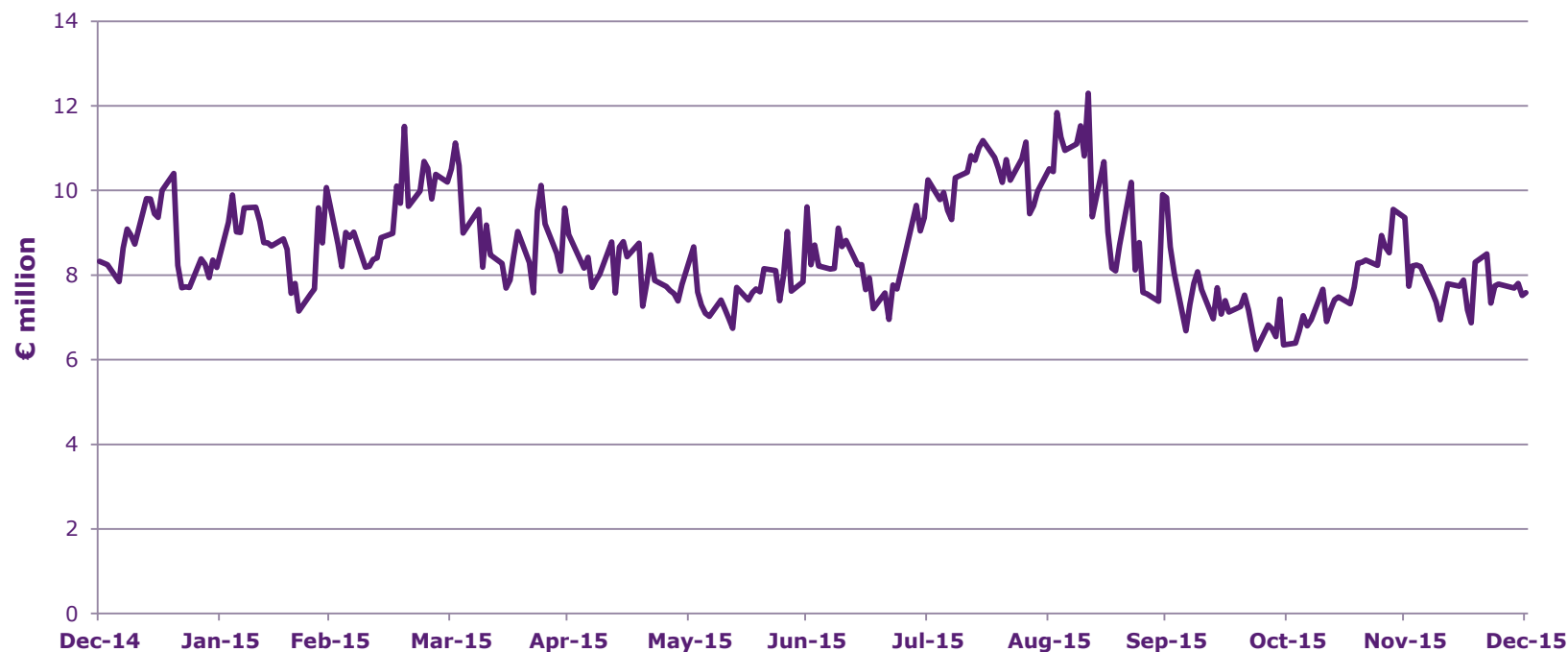
Regional breakdown⁽¹⁾



Sector breakdown⁽²⁾



VaR⁽¹⁾



- **4Q15 average VaR of 7.6 M€ decreasing by 20% vs. 3Q15**

Doubtful loans (inc. financial institutions)

In €bn	3Q14	4Q14	1Q15	2Q15	3Q15	4Q15
Doubtful loans ⁽¹⁾	4.5	4.4	4.4	4.2	4.1	4.0
Collateral relating to loans written-down ⁽¹⁾	(1.8)	(1.8)	(1.7)	(1.5)	(1.5)	(1.3)
Provisionable commitments ⁽¹⁾	2.7	2.7	2.7	2.7	2.7	2.7
Specific provisions ⁽¹⁾	(1.9)	(1.8)	(1.8)	(1.8)	(1.8)	(1.8)
Portfolio-based provisions ⁽¹⁾	(0.4)	(0.4)	(0.4)	(0.4)	(0.4)	(0.4)
<i>Provisionable commitments⁽¹⁾/ Gross debt</i>	1.7%	1.9%	2.3%	2.1%	2.2%	1.9%
<i>Specific provisions/Provisionable commitments⁽¹⁾</i>	69%	68%	67%	67%	67%	65%
Overall provisions/Provisionable commitments⁽¹⁾	84%	82%	82%	81%	82%	79%

(1) Excluding securities and repos

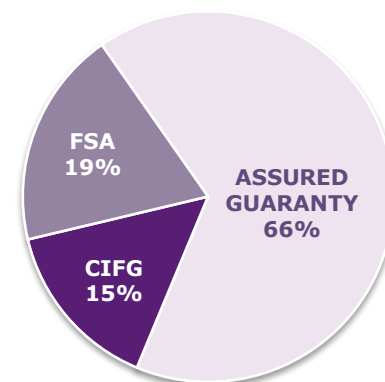
B Appendix – Specific information on exposures (FSB Recommendation)

Protection

Protection purchased from Monoline

<i>in €bn</i>	Gross notional Amount	Exposure before value adjustment as of 12/31/2015	Exposure before value adjustment as of 06/30/2015
Protection for CLO	0.1	0.0	0.0
Protection for RMBS	0.0	0.0	0.0
Other risks	2.4	0.4	0.4
TOTAL	2.5	0.4	0.4
<hr/>			
	Value adjustment	(0.1)	(0.1)
Residual exposure to counterparty risk		0.3	0.3
	Discount rate	24%	25%

Residual exposure to counterparty risk as of 12/31/2015



Protection purchased from CDPC

Gross exposure: non-significant as of 12/31/2015

No net notional as of 12/31/2015

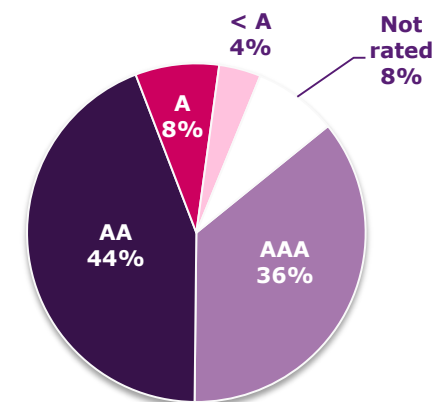
Gross notional amount: €3.5bn

Other non-hedged CDOs and non-hedged Mortgage Backed Securities

CDO not exposed to US housing market

- Value adjustment 2015: nm
- Residual exposure: €1.2bn

Residual exposure



Non-hedged Mortgage Backed Securities

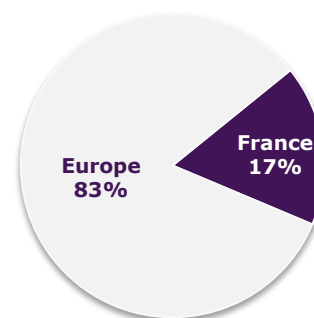
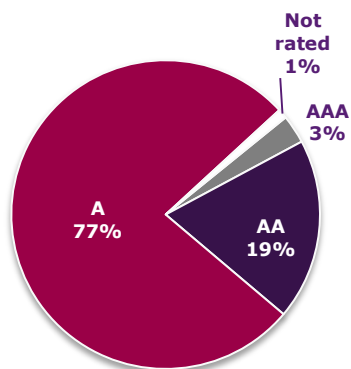
in €bn	Net exposure 12/31/2015	Gross exposure 12/31/2015	Net exposure 06/30/2015
CMBS	0.0	0.0	0.0
RMBS US	0.0	0.1	0.0
RMBS Europe (UK & Spain) ⁽¹⁾	0.0	0.0	0.1
TOTAL	0.0	0.1	0.1

(1) Of which 25% UK and 75% Spain

Sponsored conduit

MAGENTA – conduits sponsored by Natixis, in €bn

Country of issuance	France	Automobile loans	4%
Amount of asset financed	1.2	Business loans	84%
Liquidity line extended	1.6	Equipment loans	
Age of assets:		Consumer credit	9%
0 – 6 months	3%	Non US RMBS	
6 – 12 months	36%	CDO / CLO	
> 12 months	62%	Other	3%



Monoline

Valuation assumptions

Monoline

Fair value of protection before value adjustments

- Economic exposure of ABS CDOs including subprime determined using the same method
- Economic exposure of other types of assets was determined based using either the Mark-to-Market or Mark-to-Model method

Value adjustment

- The valuation model used to measure write-downs on CDS contracted with monoline insurers changed on December 31, 2015
- The method uses DCF to allow a better discrimination of the different exposures in terms of maturity and amortization profile
- The projected future cash flows are weighted by the monoline insurers' probability of default, deduced from the CDS spreads by means of a proxy curve when the spread is not available
- A market recovery rate is used for this purpose

